

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims replaces all prior listings of claims in the present application.

What is claimed is:

1. (currently amended) A method for managing a data storage system, comprising:

configuring a first cache to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at a first range of logical addresses (LAs) in a storage device;

configuring a second cache to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at a first part of the first range of LAs;

configuring one or more third caches to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at a second range of LAs in the storage device, the first, second, and third caches being implemented in three separate physical units and adapted to function as controllers substantially independently of each other;

detecting an inability of the second cache to retrieve data from or store data at the first part of the first range of LAs; and

reconfiguring at least one of the one or more third caches to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at the first part of the first range of LAs in response to the inability while continuing to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at the second range of LAs.

2. (original) The method according to claim 1, and comprising configuring one or more interfaces to receive input/output (IO) requests from host processors directed to specified LAs

and to direct all the IO requests to the caches which have been configured to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at the specified LAs.

3. (previously presented) The method according to claim 2,

wherein the one or more interfaces comprise a mapping between the first and the second and the one or more third caches and the first and second ranges of the LAs,

wherein the one or more interfaces are adapted to convert the IO requests to one or more requests and to direct the one or more requests to at least one of the first and the second and the one or more third caches in response to the mapping, and

wherein detecting the inability comprises generating a reconfigured mapping between the first and the one or more third caches and the first and second ranges of the LAs, and directing the one or more requests to at least one of the first and the one or more third caches in response to the reconfigured mapping.

4. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein reconfiguring the at least one of the one or more third caches comprises processing data in at least one of the first cache and the one or more third caches so as to restore the first cache and the one or more third caches to a state of full data redundancy.

5. (original) The method according to claim 4, wherein processing the data comprises classifying data in the first cache into a plurality of data groups.

6. (original) The method according to claim 5, wherein one of the data groups comprises dirty

data, and wherein processing the data comprises storing the dirty data at the one or more third caches.

7. (original) The method according to claim 5, wherein one of the data groups comprises dirty data, and wherein processing the data comprises storing the dirty data at the storage device.

8. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein reconfiguring the at least one of the one or more third caches comprises retaining an initial configuration of the first cache.

9. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein reconfiguring the at least one of the one or more third caches comprises implementing a minimum redistribution of the first and the second ranges among the first cache and the one or more third caches.

10. (original) The method according to claim 9, wherein implementing the minimum redistribution comprises redistributing the first and the second ranges using a consistent hashing function.

11. (original) The method according to claim 9, wherein implementing the minimum redistribution comprises redistributing the first and the second ranges using a random number function.

12. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, and comprising providing a system manager which is adapted to configure the first, second and one or more third caches, to

detect the inability, and to reconfigure the at least one of the one or more third caches.

13. (original) The method according to claim 12, wherein providing the system manager comprises incorporating one or more manager processing units into at least one of the storage device, the first cache, the second cache, and the one or more third caches, and operating the one or more manager processing units in a cooperative manner.

14. (currently amended) A data storage system, comprising:

a storage device wherein data is stored at logical addresses (LAs);

a first cache which is configured to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at a first range of LAs in the storage device;

a second cache which is configured to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at a first part of the first range of LAs;

one or more third caches which are configured to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at a second range of LAs in the storage device, the first, second, and one or more third caches being implemented in three separate physical units and adapted to function as controllers substantially independently of each other; and

a system manager which is adapted to detect an inability of the second cache to retrieve data from or store data at the first part of the first range of LAs, and which reconfigures at least one of the one or more third caches to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at the first part of the first range of LAs in response to the inability while continuing to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at the second range of LAs.

15. (original) The storage system according to claim 14, and comprising one or more interfaces which are configured to receive input/output (IO) requests from host processors directed to specified LAs and to direct all the IO requests to the caches which have been configured to perform at least one of the operations of retrieving data from and storing data at the specified LAs.

16. (previously presented) The storage system according to claim 15,

wherein the one or more interfaces comprise a mapping between the first and the second and the one or more third caches and the first and second ranges of the LAs,

wherein the one or more interfaces are adapted to convert the IO requests to one or more requests and to direct the one or more requests to at least one of the first and the second and the one or more third caches in response to the mapping, and

wherein detecting the inability comprises the system manager generating a reconfigured mapping between the first and the one or more third caches and the first and second ranges of the LAs, and directing the one or more requests to at least one of the first and the one or more third caches in response to the reconfigured mapping.

17. (previously presented) The storage system according to claim 14, wherein reconfiguring the at least one of the one or more third caches comprises processing data in at least one of the first cache and the one or more third caches so as to restore the first cache and the one or more third caches to a state of full data redundancy.

18. (original) The storage system according to claim 17, wherein processing the data comprises classifying data in the first cache into a plurality of data groups.

19. (original) The storage system according to claim 18,
wherein one of the data groups comprises dirty data, and
wherein processing the data comprises storing the dirty data at the one or more third caches.

20. (original) The storage system according to claim 18,
wherein one of the data groups comprises dirty data, and
wherein processing the data comprises storing the dirty data at the storage device.

21. (previously presented) The storage system according to claim 14, wherein reconfiguring the at least one of the one or more third caches comprises the first cache retaining an initial configuration.

22. (previously presented) The storage system according to claim 14, wherein reconfiguring the at least one of the one or more third caches comprises the system manager implementing a minimum redistribution of the first and the second ranges among the first cache and the one or more third caches.

23. (original) The storage system according to claim 22, wherein implementing the minimum redistribution comprises redistributing the first and the second ranges using a consistent hashing

function.

24. (original) The storage system according to claim 22, wherein implementing the minimum redistribution comprises redistributing the first and the second ranges using a random number function.

25. (original) The storage system according to claim 14, wherein the system manager comprises one or more manager processing units which are incorporated into at least one of the storage device, the first cache, the second cache, and the one or more third caches, and wherein the one or more manager processing units operate in a cooperative manner.

26. (currently amended) A storage system, comprising:

one or more mass storage devices, coupled to store data at respective first ranges of logical addresses (LAs);

a plurality of interim fast-access-time caches, configured to operate as controllers substantially independently of one another, each interim fast-access-time cache being assigned a respective second range of the LAs and coupled to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage devices having LAs within the respective second range;

one or more interfaces, which are adapted to receive input/output (IO) requests from host processors directed to specified LAs and to direct all the IO requests to the interim fast-access-time cache to which the specified LAs are assigned; and

a further plurality of interim fast-access-time caches adapted to be configured to be assigned the respective second range of the LAs and coupled to receive data from and provide

data to the one or more mass storage devices having LAs within the respective second range when any interim fast-access-time cache fails.

27. (previously presented) The storage system according to claim 27, wherein the mass storage devices comprise one or more disks.

28. (currently amended) A method for storing data, comprising:

storing the data in one or more mass storage devices having respective first ranges of logical addresses (LAs);

assigning to each of a plurality of interim fast-access-time caches, configured to operate as controllers substantially independently of one another, a respective second range of the LAs;

coupling the plurality of interim fast-access-time caches to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage devices having LAs within the respective second range;

receiving input/output (IO) requests from host processors directed to specified LAs; and directing all the IO requests to the interim fast-access-time cache to which the specified LAs are assigned;

wherein a further interim fast-access-time cache is adapted to be configured to be assigned the respective second range of the LAs and coupled to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage devices having LAs within the respective second range when any interim fast-access-time cache fails.

29. (previously presented) The method according to claim 28, wherein the mass storage devices comprise one or more disks.

30. (currently amended) A system for transferring data to and from one or more mass storage devices which store data at respective first ranges of logical addresses (LAs), comprising:

a plurality of interim fast-access-time caches, configured to operate as controllers substantially independently of one another, each interim fast-access-time cache being assigned a respective second range of the LAs and coupled to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage devices within the respective second range;

one or more interfaces, which are adapted to receive input/output (IO) requests from host processors directed to specified LAs and to direct all the IO requests to the interim fast-access-time cache to which the specified LAs are assigned; and

a further plurality of interim fast-access-time caches adapted to be configured to be assigned the respective second range of the LAs and coupled to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage devices having LAs within the respective second range when any interim fast-access-time cache fails.

31. (previously presented) The system according to claim 30, wherein the mass storage devices comprise one or more disks.

32. (currently amended) A method for transferring data to and from one or more mass storage devices which store data at respective first ranges of logical addresses (LAs), comprising:

assigning to a plurality of interim fast-access-time caches, configured to operate as controllers substantially independently of one another, respective second ranges of the LAs;

coupling the plurality of interim fast-access-time caches to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage nodes having LAs within the respective second ranges;

receiving input/output (IO) requests from host processors directed to specified LAs; and directing all the IO requests to the interim fast-access-time cache to which the specified LAs are ~~assigned~~assigned;

wherein a further interim fast-access-time cache is adapted to be configured to be assigned the respective second range of the LAs and coupled to receive data from and provide data to the one or more mass storage devices having LAs within the respective second range when any interim fast-access-time cache fails.

33. (previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the mass storage devices comprise one or more disks.